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FEATURES

- High brightness vacuum fluorescent display for excellent visibility over a wide viewing angle.
- Available in 9.0mm or 11.2mm high characters.
- 40 characters in 20 columns by 2 lines format.
- Thirteen sets of international characters, plus one set of user defined characters allows total flexibility in display fonts.
- Standard RS-232C serial interface for data communication, with 9600 and 19200 baud rate selection.
- A pass-through output is provided for cascading display or printer without additional serial port.
- Easy programming using Escape sequence commands.
- Emulation of Aedex, Epson and DSP800 command sets.
- Display can swivel and tilt to a wide range of angles.
- Adjustable display height.
- Uses 9-25V DC unregulated supply.
- Power may be sourced from system, with the bracket and cable kit supplied in typical configuration.
- Optional AC adaptors in various configurations for all AC voltages.

SPECIFICATIONS - 9MM

Display Specifications

Display Type	Vacuum fluorescent display (VFD)		
Display Color	Green		
Display Format	40 Characters (20 columns x 2 lines)		
Character Type	13 sets of international characters1 set of user definable characters		
Character Font	5 x 7 dot matrix		
Character Size	9.0 mm (H) x 5.25 mm (W)		
Character Pitch	8.0 mm		
MTFB	25000 hours		

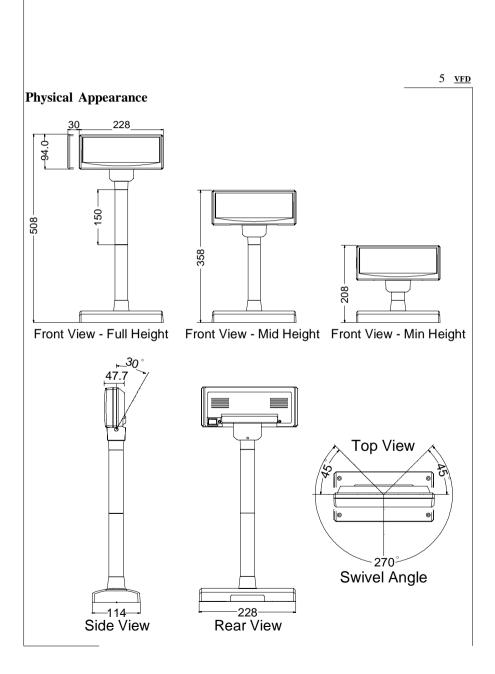
RS-232C Interface Specifications

Data Transmission	Serial, asynchronous
Baud Rate	9600 or 19200
Data Bits	8 bits
Parity	None
Stop Bits	1

Power Supply Specifications

Supply Voltage	9-25 Volts DC
Consumption	5.0 Watts max.
Power Connector	A. 2.5mm concentric power jackB. 3pin interlocking Epson-style, with caseading.
Supply Kit	Bracket and cable for sourcing +12V from system.
Supply Options	12V 1A unregulated AC adaptor, 2.5mm connector24V 1.8A switching AC adaptor, Epson-style connector.24V 3.0A switching AC adaptor, Epson-style connector.

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Physical Specifica	itions
Height adjustment	Two removable tubes
Dimensions	
Total Height	208mm to 508mm
Panel	228mm (W) x 94mm (H) x 47.7mm (D)
Neck Height	54mm
Tube Height	150mm x 2
Base Section	228mm (W) x 60mm (H) x 114mm (D)
Weight	1.2kg.
Tilt Angle	0 - 30 in 3 steps
Swivel Angle	270°



Specifications - 11.2mm

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Display Specifications

Display Type	Vacuum fluorescent display (VFD)		
Display Color	Green		
Display Format	40 Characters (20 columns x 2 lines)		
Character Type	13 sets of international characters1 set of user definable characters		
Character Font	5 x 7 dot matrix		
Character Size	11.2 mm (H) x 7.2 mm (W)		
Character Pitch	10.9 mm		
MTFB	25000 hours		

RS-232C Interface Specifications

Data Transmission	Serial, asynchronous
Baud Rate	9600 or 19200
Data Bits	8 bits
Parity	None
Stop Bits	1

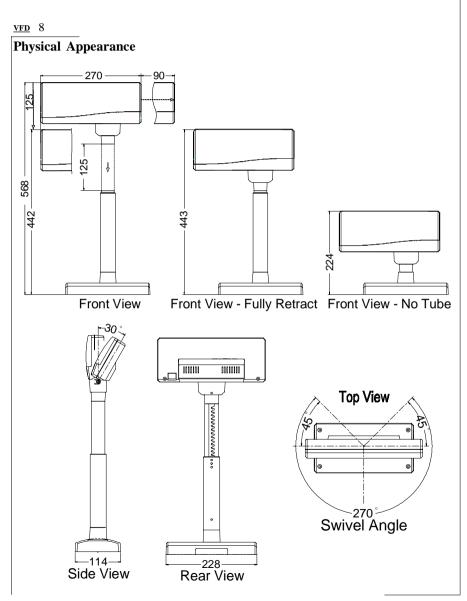
Power Supply Specifications

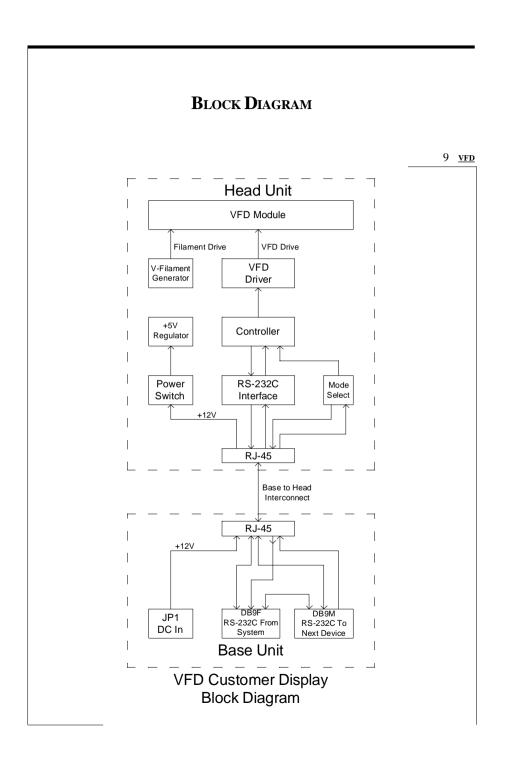
Supply Voltage	9-25 Volts DC	
Consumption	6.5 Watts max.	
Power Connector	A. 2.5mm concentric power jackB. 3pin interlocking Epson-style, with caseading.	
Supply Kit	Bracket and cable for sourcing +12V from system.	
Supply Options	12V 1A unregulated AC adaptor, 2.5mm connector24V 1.8A switching AC adaptor, Epson-style connector.24V 3.0A switching AC adaptor, Epson-style connector.	

Physical Specifications

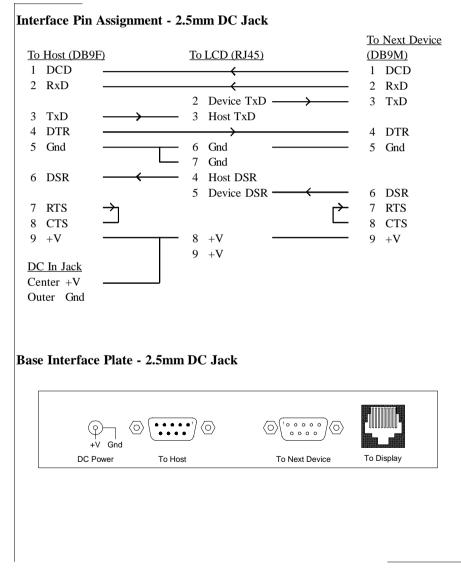
Height Adjustment Retractable / removable tube Dimensions

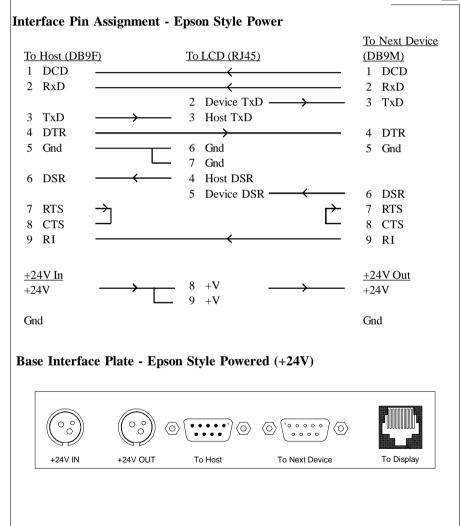
Total Height	224mm to 568mm
Panel	270mm (W) x 110mm (H) x 51.5mm (D)
Neck	54mm
Tube	219 to 344 mm, multi-steps adjustable
Base Section	228mm (W) x 60mm (H) x 114mm (D)
Weight	1.3kg.
Tilt Angle	0 - 30 in 3 steps
Swivel Angle	270°





INTERFACE CONNECTIONS





USAGE NOTES

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Signal Naming

Please note that the signal naming of the pin assignment for the DB9 RS-232 connectors on the Custmer Display follows the convention for DCE. The host is viewed as DTE. Thus, TxD would be an output for the host, the same name applies to an input of the DCE, such as the Customer Display, which would be wired to the host pin by the same name.

Handshaking and Pass-through

The handshake signals are another source of confusion. There are essentially two sets of control lines, DTR/DSR and RTS/CTS. Disregarding the original designation for teletype purpose, they serve essentially identical function. DTR and RTS are from host to device, logical high on both signals the host is ready, either one low indicates a not-ready status. DSR and CTS are from device to host, logical high on both signals the device is ready. Printer some times use DCD as the ready signal to the host.

The Customer Display uses only TxD for receiving data from host, and DTR/ DSR for handshaking. All the other signals are routed to the following device in such a way as to ensure proper pass-through function. The use of a printer with Customer Display should always have the printer connected to the next device connector of the Customer Display and the Customer Display connected to the host. Paralleling the signal lines, as some times done to connect multiple devices to a RS-232 port, may lead to improper operation.

Power Supply and Pin 9

Pin 9 of DB9, originally designated as RI (ring indicator) input to host, is used as the power supply pin. Many systems has provision for supplying a +12V source on this pin to peripheral devices. The supply is then routed to the same pin on connector to the next device, a second Customer Display, for example. Printers usually has a separate power source, leaving pin 9 open. **Precaution is necessary not to connect any device with the RI line active, such as a modem, to the Customer Display, failure to observe may lead to** **permanent damage.** To find out if it is safe to connect a device, use a voltmeter to measure the RI pin of the device while it is powered on. If the reading is within +/- 3V, it is likely to be safe.

Power Bracket Kit

This kit is supplied in the typical configuration for Customer Display with 2.5mm DC jack. Using this feature eliminates the need for a AC adapter when power cannot be obtained from pin9 of RS-232 as described in previous note. A bracket with an RCA jack is included that fits the rear standard PC expansion slot location, with a connector to source +5V from system`s peripheral power connector. A cable with a RCA plug on one end and a DC plug on the other end routes power to the Customer Display.

Epson-Style Version

This version is functionally identical to the standard version, except for power connectors which are compatible with Epson POS printers. Two power jacks are provided for cascading a single power source for use by both the Customer Display and printer. Two adaptors are available, 1.8A and 3.0A at 24V, the choice would depend on the combined consumption of the printer plus the Customer Display.

Power-on Moving Message

At Firich Command Set mode, upon power-on a moving message is displayed after self-check. This message is stored in EEPROM and may be changed by following the steps below.

- 1. Send **0Ch** to Customer Display to clear display.
- 2. Send desired message to Customer Display.
- 3. Send 1Bh 53h 31h to store the message in EEPROM.

SWITCH SETTINGS

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Command Set Select

Sw2	Sw3	Mode	Command Set
On	On	А	Firich/CD5220
Off	On	B Epson	
On	Off	C Aedex	
Off	Off	D	DSP800

Character Set Select

Switch Settings				Character Set Selection	
Sw4	Sw5	Sw6	Sw7	Character Set (20h - 7Fh)	Code Table (80h - FFh)
On	On	On	On	U.S.A.	PC-437
On	On	On	Off	France	PC-858
On	On	Off	On	Germany	PC-858
On	On	Off	Off	U.K.	PC-858
On	Off	On	On	Denmark I	PC-858
On	Off	On	Off	Sweden	PC-858
On	Off	Off	On	Italy	PC-858
On	Off	Off	Off	Spain	PC-858
Off	On	On	On	Japan	Katakana
Off	On	On	Off	Norway	PC-858
Off	On	Off	On	Denmark II	PC-858
Off	On	Off	Off	Slavonic	
Off	Off	On	On	Russia	
Off	Off	Off	Off	User Defined	

Baud Rate Select

Baud Rate
9600
19200

FIRICH COMMAND SET TABLE

	-		
Command	Hex Code	Description	
Esc Dc1	1B 11	overwrite mode	
Esc Dc2	1B 12	vertical scroll mode	
Esc Dc3	1B 13	horizontal scroll mode	
Esc QA d1dn Cr	1B 51 41 <i>d1dn</i> 0D 1<= <i>n</i> <=20	set string display mode, write string to upper line	
Esc QB d1dn CR	1B 51 42 <i>d1dn</i> 0D 1<= <i>n</i> <=20	set string display mode, write string to lower line	
Esc QD d1dn Cr	1B 51 44 <i>d1dn</i> 0D 1<= <i>n</i> <=20	set string display mode, write string to upper line and scroll the message continuously	
Esc [A	1B 5B 41	move cursor up	
Esc [B	1B 5B 42	move cursor down	
LF	0A	move cursor down	
Esc [C	1B 5B 43	move cursor right	
Ητ	09	move cursor right	
Esc [D	1B 5B 44	move cursor left	
Bs	08	move cursor left	
Esc [H	1B 5B 48	move cursor home	
Ном	0B	move cursor home	
Esc [L	1B 5B 4C	move cursor to left-end	
Cr	0D	move cursor to left-end	
Esc [R	1B 5B 52	move cursor to right-end	
Esc [K	1B 5B 4B	move cursor to bottom	
Esc I <i>x y</i>	1B 6C <i>x y</i> 01h<= <i>x</i> <=14h <i>y</i> =01h, 02h	move cursor to specified position	
Esc @	1B 40	initialize display	

Command	Hex Code	Description	
CLR	0C	clear display, clear string mode	
CAN	18	clear cursor line, clear string mode	
Esc _ <i>n</i>	1B 5F <i>n</i> <i>n</i> =00h, 01h	set cursor on/off	
Esc W s x1 x2 y	1B 57 <i>s x1 x2 y</i> <i>s</i> =00h, 01h 01h<= <i>x1</i> <= <i>x2</i> <=14h <i>y</i> =01h, 02h	set/cancel the window range in horizontal scroll mode	
Esc f n	1B 66 <i>n</i>	select international font set. Codes 00h-7Fh	
Esc c <i>n</i>	1B 63 <i>n</i>	select code table. Codes 80h-FFh	
Esc & s n m [a(p1pa)]x(m-n+1)	1B 26 01 <i>n m</i> 20h<= <i>n</i> <= <i>m</i> <=FFh 00h<= <i>a</i> <=05h 00h<= <i>pn</i> <=FFh	define user defined characters	
Esc ?	1B 3F	delete user defined characters	
Esc %	1B 25	select/cancel download character set	
Esc s 1	1B 73 01	store user defined character in EEPROM	
Esc d 1	1B 64 01	restore user defined character from EEPROM	
Esc S n	1B 53 <i>n</i> 31h<= <i>n</i> <=35h	save current display data as n'th layer in EEPROM	
Esc D n m	1B 44 <i>n m</i> 01h<= <i>n</i> <=1Fh 31h<= <i>m</i> <=33h	display saved data from EEPROM as animated message. Bit position in <i>n</i> selects the layer to be displayed.	
Esc * <i>n</i>	1B 2A <i>n</i> 01h<= <i>n</i> <=04h	brightness adjustment	
Esc = n	1B 3D <i>n</i>	select peripheral device	

FIRICH DISPLAY MODES DESCRIPTION

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There are basically four display modes for the Customer Display. The user may choose the mode that is most appropriate for the application.

Overwrite Mode

This is the default mode. Esc Dc1 and Esc @ commands would also put the display into this mode. The cursor moves from left to right, if it is at the end of the line, it moves to the beginning of the other line. Characters are displayed at the current cursor position, overwriting what is originally there, the cursor is then moved to the next position.

Vertical Scroll Mode

If the cursor is at the upper line it behaves like the **overwrite mode**. When it is at the end of the lower line, the next character would scroll the content of the lower line to upper line, the lower line is cleared and the cursor is moved to the beginning of the lower line.

Horizontal Scroll Mode

In this mode the cursor stays in what ever line it is at, unless changed by cursor movement commands. When the cursor is not at the end of the line, the input character is displayed at current cursor position, the cursor is then moved right. Once at the end of the line, subsequent character input would scroll the current line left one position, and the new character is displayed at the end position.

There is also a command, $\mathbf{Esc} \mathbf{W}$, to set display window in this mode. The effective display line would be limited within the window as defined by the command.

String Mode

This mode is perhaps the simplest used. The two display lines are treated independently. Only two commands, Esc QA and Esc QB, are needed. Esc QA followed by a string of no more than twenty characters would display the string on the upper line, left aligned. A C_R (0Dh) character terminates the command. If the string is less than twenty characters in length, the rest of the display line is padded with blank. Esc QB does the same for the lower display line. The only other commands active in this mode are C_{LR} and C_{AN} . C_{LR} would clear the display and change the Customer Display into **overwrite mode**. CAN clears the last line that was changed and change the Customer Display into **overwrite mode**. The initialisation command, Esc @, has no effect in this mode.

FIRICH COMMAND SET DESCRIPTION

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Esc Dc1	/Set overwrite mode/
Dec. Format	[027] [017]
Hex. Format:	[1Bh][11h]
Description:	Set the display to overwrite mode. This is the default power on display mode.
Esc Dc2	/Set vertical scroll mode/
Dec. Format	[027] [018]
Hex. Format:	[1Bh][12h]
Description:	Set the display to vertical scroll mode.
Esc Dc3	/Set horizontal scroll mode/
Dec. Format	[027] [019]
Hex. Format:	[1Bh][13h]
Description:	Set the display to horizontal scroll mode.
Esc QA d1d2d3	\dots dn CR /Set string display mode, write string to upper line/
Dec.Format	[027] [081] [065] <i>d1d2d3 dn</i> [013]
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [51h] [41h] <i>d1d2d3 dn</i> [0Dh]
	$\{20h \le dn \le FFh, 1 \le n \le 20\}$
Description:	Set string display mode, write to the upper line.
	The string display mode can be cancelled with CLR or CAN.
Esc QB d1d2d3	\dots dn C _R /Set string display mode, write string to lower line/
Dec.Format	$[027]$ $[081]$ $[066]$ $d1d2d3 \dots dn$ $[013]$
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [51h] [42h] <i>d1d2d3 dn</i> [0Dh]
	$\{20h \le dn \le FFh, 1 \le n \le 20\}$
Description:	Set string display mode, write to the lower line.
	The string display mode can be cancelled with CLR or CAN.

Esc QD d1d2d3	$\dots dn \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{R}}$
	/Write string to the upper line and scroll the message continuously/
Dec.Format	[027] [081] [068] <i>d1d2d3 dn</i> [013]
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [51h] [44h] <i>d1d2d3 dn</i> [0Dh]
	$\{20h \le dn \le FFh, 1 \le n \le 20\}$
Description:	Scroll message continuously on the upper line. Upon receiving a new command, the upper line is cleared and the cursor is moved to the upper left end.
Esc [A	/Move cursor up/
Dec. Format:	[027] [091] [065]
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [5Bh] [41h]
Description:	Move the cursor up one line.
	When the cursor is at the upper line, this command operates
	differently depending on the display mode:
	1. Overwrite mode: The cursor is moved to the same column on the lower line.
	2. Vertical scroll mode:
	The characters displayed on the upper line are scrolled to the
	lower line, and the upper line is cleared. The cursor remains at
	the same position.
	3. Horizontal scroll mode:
	The cursor is not moved.
1	

	21 <u>vfd</u>
Esc [B	/Move cursor down/
LF	
Dec. Format:	[027] [091] [066]
	[010]
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [5Bh] [42h]
	[0Ah]
Description:	Move the cursor down one line.
	When the cursor is at the lower line, this command operates
	differently depending on the display mode:
	1. Overwrite mode:
	The cursor is moved to the same column on the upper line.
	2. Vertical scroll mode:
	The characters displayed on the lower line are scrolled to the
	upper line, and the lower line is cleared. The cursor remains at
	the same position.
	3. Horizontal scroll mode:
	The cursor is not moved.

<u>vfd</u> 22	
Esc [C	/Move cursor right/
Нт	
Dec. Format:	[027] [091] [067]
	[009]
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [5Bh] [43h]
	[09h]
Description:	Move the cursor one position to the right.
	When the cursor is at the right end, this command operates
	differently depending on the display mode:
	1. Overwrite mode:
	The cursor moves to the left end of the other line.
	2. Vertical scroll mode:
	When the cursor is at the upper right end, it is moved to the lower left end.
	When the cursor is at the lower right end, the lower line
	message is moved to the upper line. The lower line is cleared,
	and the cursor moves to the lower left end.
	3. Horizontal scroll mode:
	All characters on the current line are scrolled one to the left in
	the window. The cursor is not moved but the character area at
	the right end of the window is cleared.

	23 <u>v</u> Fl
Esc [D	/Move cursor left/
Bs	
Dec. Format	[027] [091] [068]
	[008]
Hex. Format:	[1Bh][5Bh][44h]
	[08h]
Description:	Move the cursor one position to the left.
	When the cursor is at the left end, this command operates
	differently depending on the display mode:
	1. Overwrite mode:
	The cursor moves to the right end of the other line. 2. Vertical scroll mode:
	When the cursor is at the lower left end, it is moved to the
	upper right end.
	When the cursor is at the upper left end, the upper line
	message is moved to the lower line. The upper line is cleared,
	and the cursor moves to the upper right end.
	3. Horizontal scroll mode:
	All characters on the current line are scrolled one to the right
	in the window. The cursor is not moved but the character area at the left end of the window is cleared.
	at the left end of the window is cleared.
Esc [H	/Move cursor to home position/
Ном	
Dec. Format:	[027] [091] [072]
	[011]
Hex. Format:	[1Bh][5Bh][48h]
	[0Bh]
Description:	Move the cursor to the left-most position on the upper line.

<u>vfd</u> 24	
Esc [L	/Move cursor to left-most position/
Cr	
Dec. Format:	[027] [091] [076]
	[013]
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [5Bh] [4Ch]
	[0Dh]
Description:	Move the cursor to the left-most position on the current line.
Esc [R	/Move cursor to the right-most position/
Dec. Format:	[027] [091] [082]
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [5Bh] [52h]
Description:	Move the cursor to the right-most position on the current line.
Esc [K	/Move cursor to the bottom position/
Dec. Format:	[027] [091] [075]
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [5Bh] [4Bh]
Description:	Move the cursor to the right-most position on the lower line.
Esc l x y	/Move cursor to the specified position/
Dec. Format:	$[027] [108] x y \qquad \{01h \le x \le 14h, 01h \le y \le 02h\}$
Hex. Format:	[1Bh][6Ch] x y
Description:	Move the cursor to the <i>x</i> -th column on the <i>y</i> -th line.
Esc @	/Initialise display/
Dec. Format:	[027] [064]
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [40h]
Description:	Clear the data in the input buffer and reset settings to power on defaults.

	25 <u>vfd</u>
Clr	/Clear display screen, and clear string mode/
Dec. Format:	[012]
Hex. Format:	[0Ch]
Description:	Clear all the characters displayed, clear string mode.
CAN	/Clear cursor line, and clear string mode/
Dec. Format:	[024]
Hex. Format:	[18h]
Description:	Clear the line where the cursor is at, clear string mode.
Esc $_$ n	/Set cursor ON or OFF /
Dec. Format:	$[027] [095] n \qquad \{00h \le n \le 01h\}$
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [5Fh] n
Description:	Set cursor ON or OFF.
	When $n = 00h$, cursor is set to OFF
	When $n = 01h$, cursor is set to ON
Esc W s x1 x2 y	/Set or cancel the window range at horizontal scroll mode/
Dec. Format:	[027] [087] [000]
	[027] [087] [001] <i>x1 x2 y</i>
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [57h] [00h]
	[1Bh] [57h] [01h] <i>x1 x2 y</i>
	$\{01h \le x1 \le x2 \le 14h, 01h \le y \le 02h\}$
Description:	Set or cancel the window on the display screen. When $s = 00h$, window is cancelled.
	When $s = 01h$, window is set, where $x1$ and $x2$ set the position
	of the left-most and the right-most columns of the window.
	<i>y</i> sets the upper or lower line.
	The window is effective in the horizontal scroll mode.

Esc f n	/Select International font set/
Dec. Format:	[027] [102] <i>n</i>
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [66h] <i>n</i>
Description:	Select international font. Character codes 00h - 7Fh.

n	International Font Set	n	International Font Set
А	U.S.A.	L	Slavonic
D	Denmark I	Ν	Norway
E	Denmark II	R	Russia
F	France	S	Spain
G	Germany	U	U.K.
Ι	Italy	W	Sweden
J	Japan		

Esc c n	/Select code set /
Dec. Format:	[027] [099] <i>n</i>
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [63h] <i>n</i>
Description:	Select international code set. Character codes 80h - FFh

n	International Code Set
А	Comply with ASCII code: PC437
J	Comply with JIS code: Katkana
L	Comply with Slavonic code
R	Comply with Russia code

27	VFD

	27 112
Esc & s n m a	(p1pa)x(m-n+1) /Define user-defined characters /
Dec. Format:	[027] [038] n m [a(p1pa)x(m-n+1)]
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [26h] n m [a(p1pa)x(m-n+1)]
	$\{20h \le n \le m \le FFh\}$
	$\{00h \le a \le 05h\}$
	$\{00h \le p \le FFh\}$
Description:	Define user-defined characters.
	<i>n</i> : Starting character code to be defined
	<i>m</i> : Final character code to be defined
	<i>a</i> : Numbers of columns in a character font, if $a < 05h$ then the undefined columns at right side are filled with off.
	<i>p</i> : Pattern data. Each byte represents the font pattern of one column.
Esc ? n	/Undefine user-defined character /
Dec. Format:	$[027] [063] n $ {20h<=n<=FFh}
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [3Fh] n
Description:	Undefine character code n previously defined by user. Built-in font is used subsequently.
Esc % n	/Select/cancel user-defined character set/
Dec. Format:	[027] [037] <i>n</i>
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [25h] n
Description:	Set cursor ON or OFF.
	n = 00h: Cancel user-defined character set. Built-in character
	set is used.
	n = 01h: Enable user-defined character set.

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Esc s 1	/Store user-defined character in EEPROM/
Dec. Format:	[027] [115] [001]
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [7Fh] [01h]
Description:	This command is valid only if the display is in enable mode, as set by $Esc = command$.
Esc d 1	/Restore user-defined character from EEPROM/
Dec. Format:	[027] [100] [001]
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [64h] [01h]
Description:	Restore user-defined character pattern that was previously stored by Esc s 1 command.
	stored by Ese s 1 command.
Esc S n	/Save current display data in EEPROM/
Dec. Format:	$[027] [083] n $ {31h<=n<=35h}
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [53h] <i>n</i>
Description:	Store the current display image for future demo display.
	n=31h: save image in layer 1.
	n=32h: save image in layer 2.
	n=35h: save image in layer 5.

Esc D n m	/Display saved data from EEPROM/
Dec. Format:	$[027]$ $[068]$ <i>n m</i> {01h <= <i>n</i> <= 1Fh}
Hex. Format:	$[1Bh] [44h] nm$ {31h <= m <= 33h}
Description:	The data saved by Esc S <i>n</i> can be displayed by this command. The layer to be displayed is selected by the bit position within the byte of <i>n</i> . For example, $n=01h$ selects layer 1, $n=02h$ selects layer 2, $n=10h$ selects layer 5. More than one layer can be selected by specifying more than one bit to one in <i>n</i> , ie. n=05h selects layers one and three. When more than one layer is selected, they will be displayed in sequence. The parameter, M, sets the message animation method. There are two types, $m=31h$ and $m=32h$. If $m=33h$, the two methods will be applied alternately.
Esc * n	/Adjust brightness/
Dec. Format:	$[027] [042] n \qquad \{01h \le n \le 04h\}$
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [2Ah] <i>n</i>
Description:	Adjust display brightness
$\mathbf{Esc} = n$	/Set output device mode/
Dec. Format:	$[027] [061] n \qquad \{01h \le n \le 03h\}$
Hex. Format:	[1Bh] [3Dh] <i>n</i>
Description:	Set output device mode
	n = 01h, display disable, next device enable
	n = 02h, display enable, next device disable
	n = 03h, display enable, next device enable

AEDEX COMMAND SET TABLE

Command	Hex Code	Description		
! # 1 <i>d1d40</i> C R	21 23 31 <i>d1d40</i> 0D	display string on upper line		
! # 2 d1d40 C R	21 23 32 d1d40 0D	display string on lower line		
! # 4 d1d40 С к	21 23 34 <i>d1d40</i> 0D	display stirng on upper line and scroll continuously		
! # 5 hh:mm Cr	21 23 35 <i>hh</i> : <i>mm</i> 0D h,m= '0''9'	display time		
! # 6 d1d40 C R	21 23 36 d1d40 0D	display string on upper line and scroll once		
! # 8 <i>n m</i> Cr	21 23 38 n <i>m</i> 0D 20h<= <i>n,m</i>	change attention code		
! # 9 d1d40 C r	21 23 39 d1d40 0D	display string on two lines		

DSP800 COMMAND SET TABLE

31 <u>vfd</u>

Command	Hex Code	Description				
Еот S он P <i>n</i> Етв 04 01 50 <i>n</i> 17 31h<= <i>n</i> <=58h		move cursor to specified position				
Еот Ѕ он С <i>п т</i> Етв	04 01 43 <i>n m</i> 17 31h<= <i>n</i> <= <i>m</i> <=58h	clear display range from position n to position m and move cursor to position n				
Еот S он S <i>n</i> Етв 04 01 53 <i>n</i> 17 31h<= <i>n</i> <=35h		save current display data to n'th layer in EEPROM				
Еот S он D <i>n m</i> E тв 04 01 44 <i>n m</i> 17 01h<= <i>n</i> <=1Fh 31h<= <i>m</i> <=33h		display data saved in EEPROM. Bit position in <i>n</i> selects the layers to be displayed. Please see note below.				
Еот Ѕ он А <i>п</i> Етв	04 01 41 <i>n</i> 17 31h<= <i>n</i> <=34h	adjust brightness				
Еот S он F <i>n</i> Етв 04 01 46 <i>n</i> 17 00h<= <i>n</i> <=FFh		blink display				
Еот Ѕ он I <i>п</i> Етв	04 01 49 <i>n</i> 17	select international character set				
Еот Ѕ он & <i>n р1р5</i> Етв	04 01 26 <i>n p1p</i> 5 17 20h<= <i>n</i>	define user-defined character				
Еот Ѕ он ? <i>п</i> Етв	04 01 3F <i>n</i> 17 20h<= <i>n</i>	delete user-defined character				
Еот S он = <i>n</i> Етв	04 01 3D <i>n</i> 17 <i>n</i> =1,2	select peripheral device. <i>n</i> =1: next device <i>n</i> =2: display				
Еот Ѕ он % Етв	04 01 25 17	initialize display				
Еот Ѕ он @ Етв	04 01 4 <i>0</i> 17	self test				

* When using **display data saved in EEPROM** command (EOT SOH D), the data layer is selected by the bit position within a byte in *n*. For example n=01h selects layer one, n=04h selects layer three, whereas n=05h selects bothe layer one and three. When more than one layer is selected, they will be displayed in sequence.

EPSON COMMAND SET TABLE

Command	Hex Code	Description			
Hτ	09	move cursor right			
Bs	08	move cursor left			
Us Lf	1F 0A	move cursor up			
LF	0A	move cursor down			
Us Cr	1F 0D	move cursor to right-end			
CR	0D	move cursor to left-end			
Ном	0B	move cursor to home position			
Us B	1F 42	move cursor to bottom position			
Us \$ <i>x y</i>	1F 24 <i>x y</i> 01h<= <i>x</i> <=14h h <i>y</i> =01h, 02h	move cursor to position specified			
CLR	0C	clear display			
CAN	18	clear cursor line			
Us C n	1F 43 <i>n</i> <i>n</i> =00h, 01h	set/cancel cursor display. n=0 hides cursor, n=1 displays cursor.			
Esc t n	1B 74 <i>n</i> 01h<= <i>n</i> <=07h	select code table for character range 80h-FFh			
Esc R n	1B 52 n 01h<= <i>n</i> <=0Fh	select international character set for character range 20h-7Fh			
Us r n	1F 72 <i>n n</i> =00h, 01h	set/cancel reverse character			
Us Md1	1F 01	set overwrite mode			
Us Md2	1F 02	set vertical scroll mode			
Us Md3	1F 03	set herizontal scroll mode			
Esc W n s x1 y1 x2 y2	1B 57 <i>n</i> s <i>x</i> 1 <i>y</i> 1 <i>x</i> 2 <i>y</i> 2 01h<= <i>n</i> <=04h <i>s</i> =00h, 01h 01h<= <i>x</i> 1<= <i>x</i> 2<=14h 01h<= <i>y</i> 1<= <i>y</i> 2<=14h	set/cancel window range			

Command	Hex Code	Description		
Esc % n	1B 25 <i>n n</i> =00h, 01h	select/cancel user-defined character set		
Esc & s n m [a(p1pa)]x(m-n)	1B 26 01 <i>n m</i> 20h< <i>n</i> <= <i>m</i> <=FFh 01h<= <i>a</i> <=05h 00h<= <i>p</i> <=FFh	define user-defined character		
Esc ?	1B 3F	delete user-defined character		
Esc s 1	1B 73 01	store user-defined characters in EEPROM		
Esc d 1	1B 64 01	load user-defined characters from EEPROM		
Us :	1F 3A	set start/ending position of macro definition		
U s ^ <i>n m</i>	1F 5E <i>n m</i> 00h<= <i>n</i> <=FFh 00h<= <i>m</i> <=FFh	execute then quit macro		
Us T h m	1F 54 <i>h m</i> 00h<= <i>h</i> <=23h 00h<= <i>m</i> <=59h	set and display time counter. The time is in <i>hh:mm:ss</i> format, displayed on the bottom right corner. Any command moving the cursor to the bottom line would disable the time display,		
Us U	1F 55	display the time counter at the bottom right corner. If the counter was not set previously with Us T command, its containt starts from the last time the display was initialized.		
Us E n	1F 45 <i>n</i> 01h<= <i>n</i> <=FFh	blink display in <i>n</i> x 50mS interval.		
Us X n	1F 58 <i>n</i> 01h<= <i>n</i> <=04h	adjust brightness		
Esc @	1B 40	initialize display		
Us @	1F 40	self test		
Esc = n	1B 3D <i>n</i> <i>n</i> =01h, 02h, 03h	select preipheral device n=01h: select next device n=02h: select display n=03h: select display and next device		

_					
n	International Font Set	n	International Font Set		
0	U.S.A.	8	Japan		
1	France	9	Norway		
2	Germany	А	Denmark II		
3	U.K.	В	Slavonic		
4	Denmark I	С	Russia		
5	Sweden	D	revserved		
6	Italy	Е	reserved		
7	Spain	F	reserved		

<u>vfd</u> 34 International Font Set for Epson (20h-7Fh)

Code Table for Epson

n	International Font Set (80h - FFh)
0	Page 0: PC437: U.S.A., standard Europe
1	Page 1: Katakana for Japan
2	Page 2: PC858: multilingual
3	Page 3: PC860: Portuguese
4	Page 4: PC863: Canadian-French
5	Page 5: PC865: Nordic
6	Page 6: Russia
7	Page 7: Slavonic

FONT TABLES

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8	Japan	#	\$	Ø	Ľ	ŧ]	·^•.	•	-{ <u>`</u>	i	}	•".•
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10	Denmark II	#	\$	É	ŀE	ø	Ä	Ü	é	38	ø		
11	Slavonic	#	\$	1	Ľ	٠.]	·^•.	•	ť	i	3	•"•
12	Russia	₩	\$		Ľ	••]	<u>^.</u>	•	<i>:</i> [i]	-1

Font Variations (00h - 7Fh)

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PC-437 Font Set

PC-858 Font Set

<u>vfd</u> 38

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PC-860 Font Set PC-863 Font Set

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PC-865 Font Set

Slavonic Font Set

<u>vfd</u> 40

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Russia Font Set

Katakana Font Set