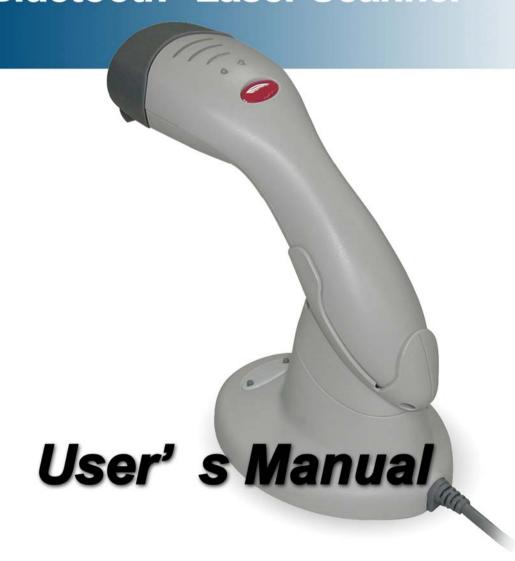
Wide-Angle Handheld Bluetooth® Laser Scanner





No warranty of any kind is made in regard to this material, including, but not limited to, implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. We are not liable for any errors contained herein or incidental or consequential damages in connection with furnishing, performance or use of this material.

No part of this document may be reproduced, transmitted, stored in a retrieval system, transcribed, or translated into any language or computer language in any form or by any means electronic, mechanical, magnetic, optical, chemical, manual or otherwise, without express written consent and authorization.

We reserve the right to make changes in product design without reservation and without notification. The material in this guide is for information only and is subject to change without notice.

All trademarks mentioned herein, registered or otherwise, are the properties of their various respective owners.

Copyright © 2007. All rights reserved.

Radio Notice

This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy. If not installed and used in accordance with the instructions in this manual, it may cause interference to radio communications. The equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A computing device pursuant to EN55022 and 47 CFR, Part 2 and Part 15 of the FCC rules. These specifications are designed to provide reasonable protection against interference when operated in a commercial environment.

Radio and Television Interference

Operation of this equipment in a residential area can cause interference to radio or television reception. This can be determined by turning the equipment off and on. The user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures: Reorient the receiving antenna.

Relocate the device with respect to the receiver.

Move the device away from the receiver.

Plug the device into a different outlet so that the device and the receiver are on different branch circuits.

If necessary the user may consult the manufacturer, and authorized dealer, or experienced radio/television technician for additional suggestions. The user may find the following booklet prepared by the Federal Communications Commission helpful: "How to Identify and Resolve Radio-TV Interference Problems." This booklet is available from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402 U.S.A., Stock No. 004000003454.

For CE-countries

This scanner is in conformity with CE standards. Please note that an approved, CE-marked power supply unit should be used in order to maintain CE conformance.

Laser Safety

The laser scanner complies with safety standard IEC 60825 -1for a Class I laser produce. It also complies with CDRH as applicable to a Class IIa laser product. Avoid long term staring into direct laser light.

Radiant Energy: The laser scanner uses one low-power visible laser diodes operating at 650nm in an opto-mechanical scanner resulting in less than 3.9µW radiated power as observed through a 7mm aperture and averaged over 10 seconds.

Do not attempt to remove the protective housing of the scanner, as unprotected laser light with a peak output up to 0.8mW would be accessible inside.

Laser Light Viewing: The scan window is the only aperture through which laser light may be observed from this product. A failure of the scanner motor, while the laser diode continues to emit a laser beam, may cause emission levels to exceed those for safe operation. The scanner has safeguards to prevent this occurrence. If, however, a stationary laser beam is emitted, the failing scanner should be disconnected from its power source immediately.

Adjustments: Do not attempt any adjustments or alteration of this product. Do not remove the protective housing of the scanner. There are no user-serviceable parts inside.

Caution: Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous laser light exposure.

Optical: The use of optical instruments with this product will increase the eye hazard. Optical instruments include binoculars, magnifying glasses, and microscopes but do not include normal eye glasses worn by the user.

Table of Contents

General Information	
Introduction	
Unpacking	
Scanner Outline	3
Getting Started	
Installing and Charging Scanner Batteries	4
Connecting the Cradle	6
Attach the Interface Cable	8
Detach the Interface Cable	10
Pairing Scanner and Cradle Host	
Cradle Host	11
SPP-Slave	13
SPP-Master	18
Paging the Scanner	20
Scanning	
Handheld Scanning	21
Hands-free Scanning	
Data Transmit Method	
Normal (default)	22
Out-of-Range Mode	
Standard Batch Mode	
Cradle Contact Batch Mode	
ACK/NAK Protocol or Frame Packing	
Data Format of Packet	
Acknowledge Packet	
Beeper Indication	
LED Indication	
The Scanner	28
The Communication Cradle	
Maintenance	
Cleaning the Window and Housing	30
Inspecting on Interface Cables	
Battery	
Programming Guide	
Default Parameters	31
Default Data Transmit Format	33
Program Procedure Using Barcode Manual	
Parameter Setting	
System Function Setting	
Radio Communication Setting	
Operation Function Setting	

Interface Settings	43
The Symbologies	51
Data Éditing	
Full ASCII Code 39 Table	

1. General Information

1.1. Introduction

This scanner is well featured with Bluetooth® wireless technology, enabling working efficiency for simultaneous data transfer when scanning as well as working portability as not being constrained by short of cable length. Working places as shipping industry, cargo warehouses, superstores, pharmacies, and many more open-space or large-scale manufacturing sites are delighted to enjoy this move-around freedom.

The cradle, a Bluetooth® dongle or any device with Bluetooth® wireless technology can be the host of this scanner. As far as 100-meter connection range, all scanned data are instantly transferred to the connected host. As if out of connection range, the embedded 32KB flash memory provides sufficient data space to store up to 2000 sets of data.

Either scanning in the handheld or hands-free mode, this scanner always offers a high-accuracy and reliable scanning ability. This scanner would be your trusted tool scanning partner.

1.2. Unpacking

This scanner package contains:

- 1 ea. Wireless Single-Line Laser Scanner
- 1 ea. Charging Cradle or Cradle with Radio Communication
- 1 ea. DC 9V Power Adapter
- 2 ea. Ni-MH AA Recharge Battery
- 1 ea. Interface Cable (only for the cradle host)
- 1 ea. Hand stripe
- 1 ea. User's Manual

If any contents are damaged or missing, please contact your dealer immediately.

Please leave this user's manual within easy access of person using the scanner.

1.3. Scanner Outline



1.4. Cradle Outline



2. Getting Started

2.1. <u>Installing and Charging Scanner Batteries</u>

Installing Batteries

The rechargeable batteries are packed individually for shipping safety. Please follow up the steps below to install the batteries.



Always use the rechargeable batteries provided by the manufacturer to avoid any non-compatible danger or void the warranty.

1. Loose the two screws enough to remove the battery cover. (It would not be necessary to remove the screws otherwise may result in losing them.)



Figure 2-1

2. Insert the batteries into the scanner one by one. (positive pole to positive pole, negative pole to negative pole)







Figure 2-3

3. Put back the battery cover, and tighten both screws.

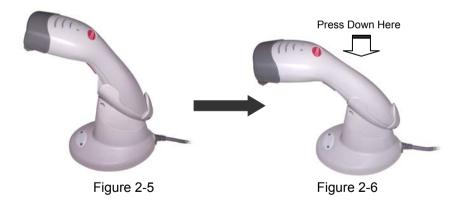


Figure 2-4

Charging Batteries

For users with the charging cradle, you can connect the charging cradle with power adapter and the scanner is now in charging.

For cradle host users, you can connect the cradle with the power adapter (shown as Figure 2-9 as example) first, then place the scanner into the cradle in a 30° angle (shown as Figure 2-5) and press down to make it seat tight into the cradle (shown as Figure 2-6); a clear and short beep is heard when position correctly into the cradle.



Once the scanner is well situated in the cradle, press down any one of the small buttons at the side of LED lamp to start charging (Shown as Figure).



Figure 2-7 Press any one to start charging

The LED of scanner light in RED as in charge, and light in BLUE when full charged. Refer to Chapter 9 for LED indication.

We call this "Smart Charge", as battery life is well depended on the charging number of times, so only charge the batteries when necessary by following the abovementioned procedures to prolong your battery life.

You may also set up auto-charging as every time the scanner is placed into the cradle. Follow and scan the appropriate barcode symbols to set up from programming section of this booklet

Note:

- For first charging, always charge the batteries over 6 hours continuously to prolong your battery life.
- After every full charge, you may use the scanner for 8 hours continuously.
- Recommended charging environment is temperature in 0°C~35°C (32°F~95°F).

2.2. Connecting the Cradle

There are two types of cradle to select for this scanner.

- Charging Cradle
- Cradle Host

Charging Cradle

This cradle designs for battery charging only, it does not support radio communication. Simply connect the external DC-9V9W power adapter into it and place scanner into cradle to start charging.

When charging is not required, it is recommended to remove the adapter plug to retain the battery life.

Cradle Host

The cradle host features with Bluetooth® wireless technology and designs to support radio communication to the scanner. It the same has charging functionality. Refer to Section 2.1 for battery charging instructions.

Connection on Cradle Host

The scanner pairs with the cradle, when the scanner scans barcode data and passes to cradle via radio communication, the cradle sends data to host by its interface cable. Steps to connect the cradle to host as follows:

- Take the desirable interface cable and insert the RJ-45 connector to cradle cable box until you hear a clear and short "click" sound, then connect the other end to the host.
- When using Keyboard wedge and USB interface for radio communication, it is not necessary to have an external power adapter if host has sufficient power. But these interfaces need external power adapter when charging batteries.
 - Note: When external power adapter (9V) is available, the cradle will disregard the power supply from host (5V).
- If using RS-232 interface, it is necessary to plug an external power adapter always. Plug the power adapter into the DC-Jack of cradle cable box. (Shown as Figure 2-10)
- 4. Once cradle powers up, its LED lamp lights RED for one second then turns to flashes BLUE light. The BLUE LED means the cradle is waiting to be connected. If the scanner pairs with this cradle, they are connected, and BLUE LED light is always on.

2.3. Attach the Interface Cable

There are 3 types of interface cable to select from,

- Keyboard wedge cable
- RS-232 cable
- USB cable

Keyboard wedge cable



Figure 2-8 Communication Only



Figure2-9 Communication and Charging

RS-232 Cable

Always require adapter for both communication and charging



Figure 2-10

USB Cable



Figure 2-11 Communication Only



Figure 2-12 Communication and Charging

2.4. Detach the Interface Cable

There is a hole on cradle cable box, and use a sharp pin to push down the hole while using another hand gently pull out the interface cable to release it slowly. (Shown in Figure 2-13)



Figure 2-13

3. Pairing Scanner and Cradle Host

This scanner supports three radio communication types,

- Cradle Host.
- SPP (Serial Protocol Profile) Slave
- SPP (Serial Protocol Profile) Master.

3.1. Cradle Host

The scanner and communication cradle in the same delivery box are paired in factory, as soon as both are powered on, it should find and connect to each other immediately.

However, in any circumstance that scanner and cradle are not paired with the cradle, follow steps below to redo pairing.

- Follow procedures in Section 2.2 to connect the cradle and charging the scanner.
- 2. Power on the cradle and it should light in RED first than LED flashes "BLUE", and it is ready for pairing.
- 3. Place the scanner into cradle until a short beep heard to confirm position correctly.
- 4. Hold down simultaneously the two buttons at the side of cradle LED lamp (shown as Figure 3-1) for over 2 seconds.



Figure 3-1

The cradle LED lights in RED and the scanner beeps as a High-Low-High beep tone, and then the scanner and cradle both LED flashes. If pairing is success, you will hear Low-High beep tone and cradle LED stays in BLUE and scanner LED stays in GREEN.

5. If the cradle is locked for pairing, or if scanner is not set in cradle host mode, it beeps twice and GREEN LED on scanner puts out.

Note:

In cradle host mode, the scanner is always in master mode and cradle is in slave mode. Therefore, you have to scan on "Unlock Pairing Mode" barcode symbol to unlock paired scanner and cradle, than connect or link to other devices.

6. As the scanner links to the communication cradle, the cradle LED stays in BLUE. If in any case the scanner link timeout or enters power down mode, then the cradle LED flashes in BLUE. Press scanner trigger or place the scanner back into the cradle, the communication links automatically again.

Note:

The default radio communication type of scanner sets in cradle host, if by any chance the scanner lost this setting, use the programming barcode symbologies provided in this booklet to set it as "Cradle Host" again.

3.2. SPP - Slave

In the mode of SPP Slave, the scanner is remote by connecting with Serial Protocol Profile (SPP) host. Therefore, please first make sure your host device is well equipped with a Bluetooth® wireless technology connectivity and an application software before following the steps below to start pairing.

Note:

All host device and application software has different operating features, here we take a Widcomm BTW utility as an example.

- 1. Turn on the host computer and activate its Bluetooth® connection.
- 2. Scan "Start of Configuration" to enter programming mode
- 3. Scan "SPP Slave" barcode label
- Scan "End of Configuration" barcode label to exit programming mode. Now, the scanner LED flashes in GREEN, indicating it's waiting to be connected.
- In the host computer, execute the discovering procedure and find the scanner, it is always show as "ZBBT" as device name (Shown in Figure 3-2).

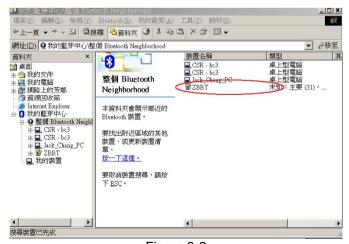


Figure 3-2

6. Select "ZBBT" the scanner, as the scanner default encryption is enabled, and you will be requested to enter the PIN code as "12345678" to start pairing.

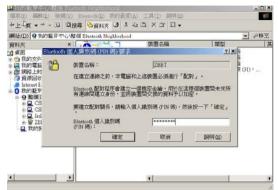


Figure 3-3

7. Double click on "ZBBT" selection and find as follow,



Figure 3-4

8. Right click on the icon and select "Connect Bluetooth Serial Port". Once pairing is completed, the scanner will make low-high beep tone and the LED light in GREEN.

Note:

When scanner is set in slave mode, and the master device supports Piconet, this master device can connect with up to 7 slave mode scanners or equipments at the same time.

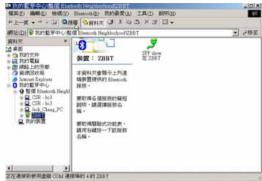


Figure 3-5

9. Right click on icon and select "Contents" and remember your SPP Bluetooth® COM port.



Figure 3-6

The following steps will help you verify the communication status; the actual application depends on your application software used.

10. Open "Program File" > "Communication" > "Hyper Terminal".

11. In the window below, enter any name and click on "OK".



Figure 3-7

12. Select the appropriate COM port as you remembered.



Figure 3-8

13. Select COM port contents as follow then click on "OK"



Figure 3-9

14. Test scan any barcode, and all scanned data should show in your screw.



Figure 3-10

15. If the scanner LED flashes in GREEN light indicating it is off-line, or out of range. Trigger the scan button or move in of communication range to be on-line again.

3.3. SPP - Master

In this section, the scanner is configured as SPP-Master, and a pair barcode must be created to the remote Bluetooth® device to which the scanner can connect.

The 12 digits Bluetooth® address of the remote device and its PIN code must be obtained before start pairing. Such address and PIN code can be found in its manual. Follow the steps below to start pairing.

- 1. Power on of the remote device and have its address ready in hand.
- Scan the "Start of Configuration" barcode label to enter programming mode.
- Scan "SPP Master" barcode label.
- Scan "Set Bluetooth Address" barcode label.
- 5. Scan from the ASCII table (Page) to enter these 12 digit address. E.g. the Bluetooth® address is "011B1345600", scan the "0", "0", "1", "1", "8", "1", "3", "4", "5", "6", "0", "0" from ASCII barcode labels.
- Scan "Confirm the Setting" barcode label confirm the Bluetooth® address.

Hint:

It is often found too much trouble to scan ASCII barcode label, especially there are 12 digits to be entered. You can create a Code 39 barcode label of these 12 digits, and scan this code only for your Bluetooth® address entry and jump to scan "Confirm the Setting".

The Code 39 barcode label formula as follow: Bxxxxxxxxxxx; where "x" represents as these 12 digits.

7. Scan "Set PIN Code" barcode label if required, otherwise jump to "Begin Pair with Slave".

Note:

The PIN code is an 8 digit PIN code given by remote device, you may also enter "12345678" or ignore this entry and go directly to scan "Begin Pair with Slave" barcode label.

- 8. Scan "Confirm the Setting" barcode label to confirm the PIN code setting.
- 9. Scan "Begin Pair with Slave" barcode label and a beep tone is heard to confirm setting than start pairing.

At the same time, the scanner LED flashes in GREEN light, and if pairing successfully, then scanner will emit Low-High beep tone, GREEN light of scanner LED is on.

If pairing failed, the scanner emits a series beep tone and you can start set-up procedures all over again.

10. Scan "End of Configuration" to exit set up.

4. Paging the Scanner

Paging the scanner often happens when you have two or more pairs of scanners and communication cradles, and can not find which scanner pairs with its cradle.

Press any key on cradle, and it sends out a signal to its paired scanner, this scanner beeps 3 beeps and lights BLUE LED 3 times. But if the scanner is out of its receiving range, then it won't react to the cradle.

5. Scanning

There are two ways to scan with this device.

- Handheld scanning
- Hands-free scanning

5.1 Handheld Scanning

In the handheld scanning, hand held the scanner and simply aim at a barcode label and push the scanner trigger to scan (Shown as Figure 5-1). Avoid aim vertically to the barcode label as a total reflection might effect the scanning performance.



Figure 5-1

5.2 Hands-free Scanning

Put the scanner into the cradle for hands-free scanning, and move the barcode label approach the scanner scanning zone (Shown as Figure 5-2).



Figure 5-2

6. Data Transmit Method

The data transfer method includes four types, Normal (default), Out-of-Range Mode, Standard Batch Mode and Cradle Contact Batch Mode. Users may modify this setting according to their preferences.

6.1 Normal (default)

The scanner is not storing any data. When the scanner is within the connection range, the scanned data will be transferred to the host computer immediately (a good beep sound is made). If the scanner is out of its connecting range, the scanner scans and emits 4 high-tone series of beep sound, indicating data transmitting error.

6.2 Out-of-Range Mode

In this mode, the scanner is out of its wireless communication range. When scan a barcode label, the scanner LED flashes BLUE light indicating barcode reading success, but emit 4 high-tone series of beeps to indicate the communication breaks.

If the communication is not connected still, the scanner LED now flashes twice per second in GREEN light, and barcode data read is saved into memory.

When scanner is back into its communication range or re-connected, the stored data is sent when scanning next barcode label.

When data send to host, a medium-tone is heard indicating transmitting successfully.

6.3 Standard Batch Mode

Whether within the connection range or not, in Standard Batch Mode, the scanner stores all scanned data which will be transferred to the host computer after scanning "Send Batch Data" label.

6.4 Cradle Contact Batch Mode

Working the same as Standard Batch Mode except all scanned data will only be transferred to the host computer when the scanner is put into the cradle

When the scanner is put into the cradle, a short-tone beep sound is made to confirm the scanner is fitted into the cradle correctly, then the scanner LED flashes 3 times in BLUE light and stay on, then the scanner starts transferring scanned data. Once the transfer is done, a long medium-tone beep sound will be made.

In this mode, the scanner is NOT required to be paired with the cradle to transfer the scanned data.

Note:

After the scanned data is transferred to the host computer, the scanner automatically clears out its flash memory.

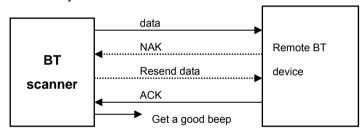
7. ACK/NAK protocol or Frame packing

When scanner is in SPP Master/Slave mode, and add in the data protocol or packing could confirm the data reliability. Refer to below for different setting options:

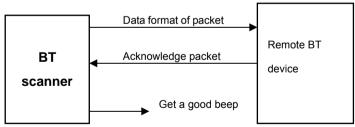
a) No ACK/NAK protocol:



b) ACK/NAK only



c) Frame packing:



Scanner to remote application

Data Format of packet

To send a data (barcode) to the remote application, the BT scanner has to encapsulate it:

EAH(Header)	Size of	FEH(Format	Data ID	Data	AEH(End	Reserved
LAN(Neader)	payload	Byte)	Data ID	Data	of Byte)	Byte
1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	Varies	1 byte	1 byte

Title	Definition
Header Character (EAH)	The character ID at the head of every data. It has to start with EAH.
Size of Payload	The encapsulated data length excluding header character.
Format Byte (FEH)	Differentiate data format; barcode data is always FEH.
Data ID	The number of each data. If receive the same ID more than once, only the first one is valid, delete the rest.
Data	Decoded barcode data
End of Byte (AEH)	Record data ends.
Reserved Byte	Reserved for future use

Example:

If barcode data is "ABCD", than sender sends out:

Acknowledge packet

55H (Header)	Data ID	55H (end of byte)
1 byte	1 byte	1 byte

Example:

If scanner sends out:

Remote acknowledges:

8. Beeper Indication

The scanner is featured with different beep sounds to assist understanding its working status. Please see below for detailed indications of beep sounds.

Beep Sound	Indication
Single beep	Good decode, and data is either transferred to the host computer or saved in the memory.
2 short high-tone beeps	Low battery warning.
3 short low-tone beeps	The flash memory is full.
2 long high-tone beeps	The scanner has completed data transfer in either Standard Batch Mode or Cradle Contact Batch Mode.
4 short high-tone beeps	Error occurred. ex. pairing is broken up, programming error and etc.
Low to high-tone beeps	The Bluetooth® connection is good.
Short high-low-high-tone beeps	Start pairing
Short medium-tone and long low-tone beeps	Powering off

9. LED Indication

The scanner and the radio communication cradle are both featured with LED lights, assisting you to understand their status during the work. Please see below for detailed LED indications.

9.1 The Scanner

LED Illustration	Indication
	GREEN LED Flash
	(i) Once per second The scanner is trying to pair with the host, or such pairing has broken up.
	(ii) Twice per second The scanner is in Out-of-Range mode, and the scanner is trying to build up a connection with the host, or such connection has broken up.
	(iii) Constantly on The scanner is paired.
	BLUE LED Bars Flash
	(i) Once A data has been decoded, and is either transferred to a host computer or saved in memory by the scanner.
0 0	(ii) Continuously The scanner is in programming mode.
	Constant Light on with First "BLUE" LED Bar
	The scanner is either in Standard Batch Mode or in Cradle Contact Batch Mode.
0 0	

	Constant RED LED Light On
	When the scanner is in the cradle, it indicates the scanner is under charging.
	Constant Light on with Third "BLUE" LED Bar
	When the scanner is in the cradle, it indicates the scanner charging is completed.
	All BLUE LED Bars (i) Constantly Light On The scanner is transferring data to the host computer and is in either Standard Batch Mode or Cradle Contact Batch Mode.
0 0	(ii) Flash Twice Every 3 Seconds The scanner has a low battery

9.2 The Communication Cradle

LED Illustration	Indication
LED Flashes in BLUE Light	The cradle is waiting for pairing.
LED Constantly On in BLUE Light	The cradle is paired with a scanner.
LED Alternately Flashes in BLUE and RED Light	The cradle initiate failed and power reset is required.
RED LED Flashes Once	The cradle has received data from the paired scanner.
LED Constantly On in RED Light	The cradle is processing pairing.

10. Maintenance

This device provides reliable and efficient operation with a minimum of care. Although specific maintenance is not required, but as to prolong the operating life of the device, the following precautions needs to be ensured.

10.1 Cleaning the Window and Housing

Any visibly dirty, or scratch on the scanner window will degrade reading performance, therefore do not use abrasive wipes or tissues on the window. When the scanner is not operating, use a soft cloth or lens tissue and gently wipe the scanning window lens.

Do not spread liquid or submerge into liquid in any circumstance.

Never use solvents (e.g., acetone, benzene, ether, or phenol-based agents) on the housing or window, solvents may damage the housing finish or the window.

10.2 Inspecting on Interface Cables

Inspect regularly on the interface cables and its connectors, a badly worn or damaged cable or connecters may interfere the scanning operation. Contact your distributor for information on cable replacement.

10.3 Battery

The lifetime of rechargeable batteries would rely on the number of times the batteries are recharged. Hence, we recommend users to keep default setting and charge in Smart Charge mode (Refer to Section 2.1 for Charging Details). In general, we recommend charge the scanner at the end of each working day or when the scanner requires charging.

11. Programming Guide

Scanning a series of programming bar code labels can configure the scanner. This allows decoding options and interface protocols to be tailored to a specific application. The configuration is stored in non-volatile memory and will not be lost by removing power from the scanner.

The scanner must be properly powered before programming. If you are about to change the cradle host of parameter, the scanner and cradle must be in pairing status to prevent failure in programming operation.

During the programming mode, the scanner will acknowledge a good and valid reading with a short beep. It will give long beeps for either an invalid or bad reading.

11.1 Default Parameters

The factory default setting table gives the default settings of all the programmable parameters. The default settings will be restored whenever the "Reset" programming label is scanned and the laser scanner is in programming mode.

Factory Default Setting

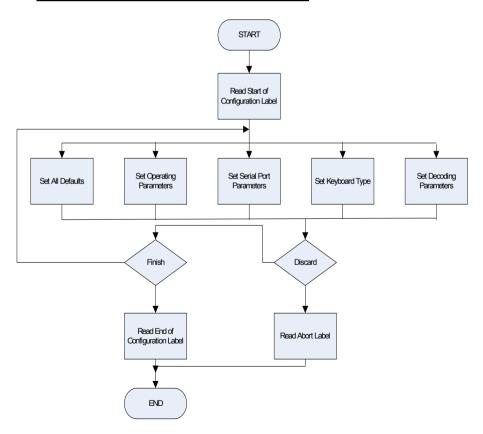
Parameter	Default
Radio communication	
Bluetooth Host	Cradle Host
Pairing mode	Unlocked
Data transmit	Normal
Radio protocol timeout	5 seconds
Power off timeout	20 minutes
Encryption	Enable
Cradle Host	
RS-232 communication	
Baud rate	9600
Parity	none
Data Bits	8
Stop Bit	1
RTS/CTS	off
Terminator	<cr><lf></lf></cr>
Keyboard Wedge Communication	
Terminal Type	PC/AT
Keyboard	US keyboard
Terminator	Enter(Alpha numeric)
USB Communication	
Terminator type	Enter
Code mode	Scan code

Keyboard	US keyboard
Wand Emulation	
Wand emulation speed	Normal
Data output	Black=high
Pair contact on cradle	Enable
Scanner	
Decoder Selection	Default
EAN/UPC	Enable
CODE 39	Enable
Code 32	Disable
CODABAR	Enable
ITF 2 OF 5	Enable
MSI	Disable
Chinese Post code	Disable
Code 93	Enable
Code 128	Enable
EAN-128	Disable
Beeper sound	Default
Frequency	High
Duration	Medium
Operating parameter	Default
Scan mode	Trigger mode
Stand mode	Enable
Header and Trailer	None
Inter-Message delay	None
Inter character delay	None
Code Identifiers	Default
Identifier code as ZEBEX standard	Disable
Identifier code as AIM standard	Disable
Code 39 identifier code	M
ITF 2 of 5 identifier code	1
Chinese post code identifier code	Н
UPC-A identifier code	A
UPC-E identifier code	E
EAN-13 identifier code	F
EAN-8 identifier code	FF
Codabar identifier code	N
Code 128 identifier code	K
Code 93 identifier code	L
MSI identifier code	P

11.2 Default Data Transmit Format

Code	Message format
EAN-13	D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D10 D11 D12 D13
EAN-8	D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8
UPCA	D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D10 D11 D12
UPCE	D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8
CODE128	D1-Dx (default 3~62)
EAN128]C1 D1-Dx (default 3~62)
CODE39	D1-Dx (default 3~62)
CODABAR	D1-Dx (default 6~32)
INTERLEAVED 2/5	D1-Dx (default 6~32)
CHINESE POST CODE	D1-Dx (default 8~32)
CODE93	D1-Dx (default 3~32)
MSI	D1-Dx (default 6~32)

11.3 Program Procedure Using Barcode Manual



11.4 Parameter Setting

Note: Default values are highlighted in grey background.



Start Of Configuration

System Function Setting

Barcode Value

Description

Return scanner to factory defaults

Return cradle host to factory defaults

Display firmware version

Return to USB default (Communication cradle link required)

Return to wand emulation default (Communication cradle link required)

Return to RS232 default (Communication cradle link required)



IBM PC/AT/PS/2 Keyboard emulation (Communication cradle link required)



Abort

(exit programming mode without any updates)





Radio Communication Setting

Cradle Host mode

Cradle Host mode enable

Pairing on cradle enable

Pairing on cradle disable

Unlock paring mode

Lock pairing mode

Undo pairing

Charging on cradle always (Batteries start charging whenever scanner is on cradle.)

Charging by press trigger on cradle



SPP Master/Slave mode



Scanner SPP Master enable



Scanner SPP Slave enable



Setting Bluetooth® address (SPP Master only)



Set PIN code (SPP Master only)



Save setting to confirm (for address and pin code setting required)



Required Pair with slave (SPP Master)



Discover enable



Discover disable



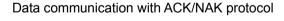
Encryption enable



Encryption disable



Data communication without protocol



Data communication with Packing protocol







Data transmit normal

Out of range buffer enable

Standard Batch mode

Batch mode on cradle

Send Batch data by scanning this label

Clear batch data after send



Clear batch data by scanning "Delete batch data" label



Delete batch data



Send batch data on cradle contact



Send batch data by press trigger on cradle contact



Out of range resend data with beeper sound



Out of range resend data without beeper sound





Radio protocol communication parameter



Radio protocol timeout= 3 second



Radio protocol timeout= 5 second



Radio protocol timeout =8 second



Radio protocol timeout= 10 second



Radio protocol timeout =13 second



Radio protocol timeout =16 second



Radio protocol timeout= 20 second



Power off timeout=5 minute



Power off timeout=10 minutes







Power off timeout=20 minutes



Power off timeout=30 minutes



Power off timeout=1 hours



Power off by scanning this label



Link beeper enable



Link beeper disable





Same Code Delay

50msec

200msec

400msec

600msec

800msec

100msec



300msec



500msec



700msec



1000msec



Infinite





Operation Function Setting

Good Read Beeper Tone Selection

Medium beeper tone

High beeper tone

Low beeper tone

Speaker disable

Beeper Sound Selection

Long



Medium



Short



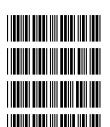
Ultra Short



Ultra Long







Inter Character Delay 0ms

2ms

5ms

10ms

20ms

50ms

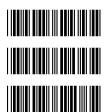


Inter Message Delay 0 ms

100 ms

500 ms

1000 ms





Interface Settings

1. RS-232C Interface Setting

Baud Rate 115200

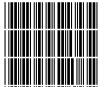
19200

9600

4800

2400

1200



Parity Bit

Even parity

Odd parity

Mark parity

Space parity

None parity



Stop Bit

1 stop bit

2 stop bit



Data Bit

7 data bit

8 data bit







Handshaking Protocol

None handshaking

ACK/NAK

Xon/Xoff

RTS/CTS

Enable BEEPER ON<BEL> CHARACTER

Ignore Beep on<BEL> character

Disable ACK/NAK timeout beeper

Enable ACK/NAK timeout beeper(three sound beeper sound)

ACK/NAK response time 300ms

ACK/NAK response time 2s

ACK/NAK response time 500ms

ACK/NAK response time 3s

ACK/NAK response time 1s

ACK/NAK response time 5s

ACK/NAK response time infinity







Message Terminator

RS-232 message terminator—none

RS-232 message terminator—CR/LF

RS-232 message terminator—C

RS-232 message terminator—LF

RS-232 message terminator—H tab

RS-232 message terminator—STX/ETX

RS-232 message terminator—EOT





Keyboard Wedge Setting 2.





IBM PC/AT/PS/2 Keyboard emulation

International Keyboard mode.(ALT method).



Keyboard language support---USA



Keyboard language support---UK send scan code Keyboard language support---GERMANY



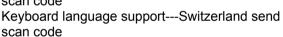


Keyboard language support---FRENCH send scan code



Keyboard language support---SPANISH send scan code Keyboard language support---ITALIAN send

scan code



Keyboard language support---Belgium send

scan code Keyboard language support---Japanese



Capital lock off

Function key emulation enable

Function key emulation disable

Send number as normal data

Send number as keypad data







Message Terminator

Keyboard terminator---none

Keyboard terminator---Enter

Keyboard terminator---H-TAB





USB Interface Setting 3.



USB interface

International Keyboard mode.(ALT method).



Keyboard language support---USA



Keyboard language support---GERMANY



Keyboard language support---FRENCH send scan code



Keyboard language support---SPANISH send scan code

Keyboard language support---Japanese



Message Terminator

Keyboard terminator---none

Keyboard terminator---Enter

Keyboard terminator---H-TAB





4. Wand Emulation Setting

Wand emulation is not supported as standard, if needed, please contact your distributor.



Wand Emulation

All barcode will be decoded and transmitted in that symbology



Enable Wand output data format as CODE39



Wand emulation data output black=high

 Scan this bar code to set quiet zones and spaces low and bars =high.



Wand emulation data output black=low

 Scan this bar code to set quiet zones and spaces high and bars=low



Idle = high

 Idle state refers to the TTL logic level of the Wand Emulation signal when not in use



Idle = Iow

 Idle state refers to the TTL logic level of the Wand Emulation signal when not in use







Wand Emulation (Cont'd)

Wand emulation speed-----Low

 This option allows the transmission of wand emulation at 1ms narrow element width



Wand emulation speed----medium

 This option allows the transmission of wand emulation at 600us narrow element width



Wand emulation speed----normal



Wand emulation speed-----high

 This option allows the transmission of wand emulation at 300us narrow element width



Wand emulation speed----higher

This option allows the transmission of wand emulation at 100 us narrow element width



Wand emulation narrow/wide ratio 1:2

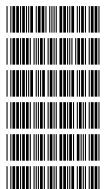


Wand emulation narrow/wide ratio 1:3





The Symbologies



CODABAR Parameter Setting

Codabar enable

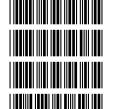
Codabar start/stop character transmission-----DC1~DC4 CODABAR disable

Codabar start/stop character transmission----a/t,b/n,c/*,d/e Codabar start/stop character transmission----none Codabar maximum length setting

Codabar start/stop character transmission----A,B,C,D Codabar minimum length setting



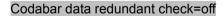
Save setting to confirm (for length setting)



Codabar concatenation disable

Validate modulo 16 and transmit

Codabar concatenation enable



No check character

Codabar data redundant check=1

Validate modulo 16,but don't transmit

Codabar data redundant check=2





Code 39 Parameter Setting



Code 39 enable



FULL ASCII code 39



Code 39 disable



Code 39 start/stop character transmission



Code 39 start/stop character without transmission



Code 32 enable



Code 32 disable



Code 39 check digit calculate and transmit



No check character



Code 39 check digit calculate but without transmit



Code 39 data redundant check=off



Code 39 data redundant check=1



Code 39 data redundant check=2





Code 39 Parameter Setting (Cont'd)



Code 39 maximum length setting



Code 39 minimum length setting



Save setting to confirm (for length setting)



Code 39 concatenation enable



Code 39 concatenation disable



Code 32 (Italian pharmacy) transmit "A" character



Code 32 (Italian pharmacy) without transmit "A" character





Code 93 Parameter Setting

Code 93 enable

Code 93 disable

Code 93 data redundant check=off



Code 93 data redundant check=1



Code 93 data redundant check=2



Code 93 maximum length setting



Code 93 minimum length setting



Save setting to confirm (for length setting)



Code 93 check digit calculate but without transmit



Code 93 check digit not calculate and without transmit



Code 93 check digit calculate and transmit





Start Of Configuration



Code 128 enable

Code 128 disable

EAN 128 enable

EAN 128 disable

Code128 FNC2 concatenation enable

Code128 FNC2 concatenation disable

Code 128 data redundant check=off

Code 128 data redundant check=1

Code 128 data redundant check=2

Code 128 maximum length setting

Code 128 minimum length setting

Save setting to confirm (for length setting)









Chinese Post Code

Chinese post code enable



Chinese post code disable



Chinese post codedata redundant check=off



Chinese post code data redundant check=1



Chinese post codedata redundant check=2



Chinese post code maximum length setting



Chines post code code minimum length setting



Save setting to confirm (for length setting)

















MSI enable

MSI disable

MSI data redundant check= off

MSI data redundant check=1

MSI data redundant check=2

MSI/PLESSY maximum length setting

MSI/PLESSY minimum length setting



Save setting to confirm (for length setting)













MSI/Plessy double check digit calculate but not transmit

MSI/Plessy double check digit calculate and both transmit

MSI/Plessy double check digit without calculate and transmit

MSI/Plessy single check digit calculate but without transmit

MSI/Plessy double check digit calculate but only first digit transmit

MSI/Plessy single check digit calculate and transmit





















ITF 2 of 5

ITF 2 of 5 enable

ITF 2 of 5 disable

IATA code enable

IATA disable

ITF 2 of 5 check digit calculate and transmit

ITF 2 of 5 check digit calculate but without transmit

ITF 2 of 5 no check character

ITF 2 of 5 one Fixed length setting

ITF 2 of 5 two Fixed length setting

ITF 25 data redundant check=off

ITF25 data redundant check=1

ITF25 data redundant check=2

ITF 2 of 5 code minimum length setting

ITF 2 of 5 length variable

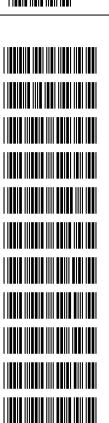
ITF 2 of 5 code maximum length setting



Save setting to confirm (for length setting)







UPC/EAN/JAN

EAN convert toISSN/ISBN enable

EAN convert to ISSN.ISBN disable

UPC/EAN/JAN ALL ENABLE

EAN-8 ENABEL

UPC-A AND EAN-13 ENABLE

EAN-8 OR EAN-13 ENABLE

UPC-A AND UPC-E ENABLE

UPC-E ENABLE

EAN-13 ENABLE

UPC-A ENABEL

UPC/EAN Addendum Disable

Add on 5 only

Add on 2 only

Add on 2 or 5

Force UPC-E to UPC-A format enable

Force UPC-E to UPC-A format disable







UPC/EAN/JAN (Cont'd)

Force UPC-A to EAN-13 format enable

Force UPC-A to EAN-13 format disable

Transmit UPC-A check digit enable

Transmit UPC-A check digit disable

Transmit UPC-E check digit enable

Transmit UPC-E check digit disable

Transmit UPC-E leading character enable

Transmit UPC-E leading character disable

Transmit UPC-A leading character enable

Transmit UPC-A leading character disable

Transmit EAN-13 check digit disable

Transmit EAN-13 check digit enable

Transmit EAN-8 check digit enable

Transmit EAN-8 check digit disable





UPC/EAN/JAN (continued)



force EAN-8 to EAN-13 format enable



force EAN-8 to EAN-13 format disable



EAN-13 country code first "0" can transmitted



EAN-13 country code first:"0" can't transmitted



Add-on format with separator



Add-on format without separator



EAN/UPC +add-on (none mandatory)



EAN/UPC +add-on (mandatory)





Data Editing



Identifier Code

Disable identifier code

Enable identifier code table as ZEBEX standard

Enable identifier code table as AIM standard.

UPC-A identifier code setting

EAN-13 identifier code setting

EAN-8 identifier code setting

CODE 39 identifier code setting

CODABAR identifier code setting

ITF 2 of 5 identifier code setting

CODE 128 identifier code setting

CHINESE POST CODE identifier code setting

CODE 93 identifier code setting

UPC-E identifier code setting

MSI identifier code setting



Save setting to confirm (for length setting)



Add code length as header enable (2 Bytes)

Add code length as header disable (2 Bytes)







Header And Trailer

Header (Preamble)

Trailer (Postamble)

Truncate header character

Truncate trailer character





Full ASCII Code 39 Table

Code 39	ASCII	Hexa -code	Code 39	ASCII	Hexa- code
	Full ASCIINUL	00		Full ASCIISI Function key"Shift"	0F
	Full ASCIISOH Function key"Ins"	01		Full ASCIIDLE Function key"5(num)"	10
	Full ASCIISTX Function key"Del"	02		Full ASCIIDC1 Function key"F1"	11
	Full ASCIIETX Function key"Home"	03		Full ASCIIDC2 Function key"F2"	12
	Full ASCIIEOT Function key"End"	04		Full ASCIIDC3 Function key"F3"	13
	Full ASCIIENQ Function key"Up arrow"	05		Full ASCIIDC4 Function key"F4"	14
	Full ASCIIACK Function key"Down arrow"	06		Full ASCIINAK Function key"F5"	15
	Full ASCIIBEL Function key"Left arrow"	07		Full ASCIISYN Function key"F6"	16
	Full ASCIIBS Function key"Backspace"	08		Full ASCIIETB Function key"F7"	17
	Full ASCIIHT Function key"TAB"	09		Full ASCIICAN Function key"F8"	18
	Full ASCIILF Function key"Enter (alpha numeric"	0A		Full ASCIIEN Function key"F9"	19
	Full ASCIIVT Function key"right arrow"	0B		Full ASCIISUB Function key"F10"	1A
	Full ASCIIFF Function key"PgUp"	0C		Full ASCIIESC Function key"F11"	1B
	Full ASCIICR Function key"Enetr(num.)"	0D		Full ASCIIFS Function key"F12"	1C
	Full ASCIISO Function key"PgDn"	0E		Full ASCIIGS Function key"ESC"	1D





Full ASCII Code 39 Table (continued)					
Code 39	ASCII	Hexa- code	Code 39	ASCII	Hexa- code
	Full ASCIIRS Function key"CTL(L)"	1E		Full ASCII	2D
	Full ASCIIUS Function key"ALT(L)"	1F		Full ASCII	2E
	Full ASCIISP	20		Full ASCII/	2F
	Full ASCII!	21		Full ASCII0	30
	Full ASCII"	22		Full ASCII1	31
	Full ASCII#	23		Full ASCII2	32
	Full ASCII\$	24		Full ASCII3	33
	Full ASCII%	25		Full ASCII4	34
	Full ASCII&	26		Full ASCII5	35
	Full ASCII'	27		Full ASCII6	36
	Full ASCII (28		Full ASCII7	37
	Full ASCII)	29		Full ASCII8	38
	Full ASCII*	2A		Full ASCII9	39
	Full ASCII+	2B		Full ASCII:	3A
	Full ASCII,	2C		Full ASCII;	3B





Full ASCII Code 39 Table (continued)

Code 39	ASCII	Hexa-	≠ Code 39	ASCII	Hexa-
	Full ASCII<	code 3C		Full ASCIIK	code 4B
	Full ASCII=	3D		Full ASCIIL	4C
	Full ASCII>	3E		Full ASCIIM	4D
	Full ASCII?	3F		Full ASCIIN	4E
	Full ASCII@	40		Full ASCIIO	4F
	Full ASCIIA	41		Full ASCIIP	50
	Full ASCIIB	42		Full ASCIIQ	51
	Full ASCIIC	43		Full ASCIIR	52
	Full ASCIID	44		Full ASCIIS	53
	Full ASCIIE	45		Full ASCIIT	54
	Full ASCIIF	46		Full ASCIIU	55
	Full ASCIIG	47		Full ASCIIV	56
	Full ASCIIH	48		Full ASCIIW	57
	Full ASCIII	49		Full ASCIIX	58
	Full ASCIIJ	4A		Full ASCIIY	59





Full ASCII Code 39 Table (continued)					
Code 39	ASCII	Hexa- code	Code 39	ASCII	Hexa- code
	Full ASCIIZ	5A		Full ASCIIi	69
	Full ASCII[5B		Full ASCIIj	6A
	Full ASCII\	5C		Full ASCIIk	6B
	Full ASCII]	5D		Full ASCIII	6C
	Full ASCII^	5E		Full ASCIIm	6D
	Full ASCII	5F		Full ASCIIn	6E
	Full ASCII`	60		Full ASCIIo	6F
	Full ASCIIa	61		Full ASCIIp	70
	Full ASCIIb	62		Full ASCIIq	71
	Full ASCIIc	63		Full ASCIIr	72
	Full ASCIId	64		Full ASCIIs	73
	Full ASCIIe	65		Full ASCIIt	74
	Full ASCIIf	66		Full ASCIIu	75
	Full ASCIIg	67		Full ASCIIv	76
	Full ASCIIh	68		Full ASCIIw	77





Full ASCII Code 39 Table (continued)

Code 39	ASCII	Hexa- code	Code 39	ASCII	Hexa- code
	Full ASCIIx	78		Full ASCII	7C
	Full ASCIIy	79		Full ASCII}	7D
	Full ASCIIz	7A		Full ASCII~	7E
	Full ASCII{	7B		Full ASCIIDEL	7F

